

Electronic Clinical Quality Measure Basics (eCQM 101)

What are eCQMs?

Electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) are measures specified in a standard electronic format that use data electronically extracted from electronic health records (EHR) and/or health information technology (IT) systems to measure the quality of health care provided. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) uses eCQMs in a variety of quality reporting and valuebased purchasing programs.

Who uses eCQMs?

Eligible hospitals, critical access hospitals, and eligible clinicians use eCQMs. Program eligibility requirements are available on CMS quality reporting program sites.

How are eCQMs calculated?

The computable representations in an eCQM specification define its intent, populations, logic, data elements, and value set identifiers. EHR and/or health IT systems certified by the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology use patient data to calculate the results for each eCQM based on its specification.

How are eCQMs chosen by CMS?

Each year, CMS selects eCQMs for (re)adoption into CMS programs that reflect national priorities based on evidence-based medicine. Annual updates to previously adopted eCQM specifications include value sets and direct reference codes–clinical codes and terms that help health care providers and payors define clinical concepts.

What is the eCQM timeline?

Participants must use the most current version of eCQMs to report according to program-specific timelines and updates. The <u>eCQM Annual Timeline</u> provides timeframes for eCQM updates, reporting, rules, public comments, and more.

Where are the eCQMs published?

The eCQMs used in CMS programs are located on the eCQI Resource Center.

What's in it for me?

- eCQMs save time by moving from manual chart abstraction to electronic measurement.
- eCQMs use detailed clinical data to assess the quality of treatment by health care providers and organizations and to drive clinical action.
- eCQMs foster the goal of access to real-time data for quality improvement and clinical decision support (CDS).
- Value-based programs reward quality outcomes.
- eCQMs lower costs by reducing preventable readmissions and decreasing medication errors.

What's next for eCQMs?

CDS/eCQM Harmonization

Harmonization of standards used by CDS and eCQMs will make it easier to facilitate health ITenabled clinical quality improvement and to promote integration, interoperability, and reuse.

Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources® (FHIR)

Health Level Seven International's® (HL7) FHIR® and associated standards are undergoing testing for possible adoption by CMS. CMS supports the use of FHIR as the standard for health care quality data exchange and will continue testing prior to implementing FHIR-based application programming interfaces (APIs) for the transmission and receipt of quality measure data.

Where can I learn more?

- eCQM implementation questions/feedback
 <u>ONC Project Tracking System (Jira)</u>
- Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR)
 Program or (844) 472-4477
- Medicaid Promoting Interoperability should contact their state Medicaid agencies
- Medicare Promoting Interoperability Programs <u>QualityNet Service Center</u>, <u>gnetsupport@cms.hhs.gov</u>, or (866) 288-8912
- Outpatient Quality Reporting (OQR) QualityNet
 Question/Answer website
- Quality Payment Program (QPP)
 <u>QPP@cms.hhs.gov</u> or (866) 288-8292

eCQM Activities

